<https://www.med.navy.mil/sites/nmcphc/epi-data-center/healthcare-associated-infections/Pages/default.aspx>

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| HEALTHCARE-ASSOCIATED INFECTIONS**Purpose**Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs) are of increasing concern to patient safety. Monitoring multidrug-resistant organisms (MDROs) and the infections they cause in the healthcare setting, is important to detect new emerging antimicrobial resistance profiles, to identify vulnerable patient populations, and to assess the necessity and effectiveness of infection control interventions.The Clinical Epidemiology Division within the EpiData Center Department has more than 10 years of expertise in the use of Health Level 7 data for HAI surveillance. The EDC uses the Navy Antimicrobial Surveillance System (NASS) for easy identification of emerging infectious organisms, and for rapid characterization of drug resistance in the healthcare setting.**Reports*** [**Healthcare-Associated MDRO Infections Metric Report -DOD SITREP (.pdf)**](https://es.med.navy.mil/sites/nmcphc/Documents/Downloads/EPIData/NMCPHC-MDRO-HAI-DOD.pdf)This biannual report provides detailed information on the metric used to measure MDRO infection and exposure burden in the healthcare setting for DOD. Prevalence rates are reported for importation of MDRO and overall MDRO exposure level in the healthcare facility. Incidence rates and density rates are reported for nosocomial infections, hospital onset bacteremia, urinary tract infection, device associate, and procedure associated infections.
* [**Healthcare-Associated MDRO Infections Metric Report -DON SITREP (.pdf)**](https://es.med.navy.mil/sites/nmcphc/Documents/Downloads/EPIData/NMCPHC-MDRO-HAI-DON.pdf)This bi-annual report provides detailed information on the metric used to measure MDRO infection and exposure burden in the healthcare setting for DON. Prevalence rates are reported for importation of MDRO and overall MDRO exposure level in the healthcare facility. Incidence rates and density rates are reported for nosocomial infections, hospital onset bacteremia, urinary tract infection, device associate, and procedure associated infections.

**More information*** Center for Disease Control and Prevention – <http://www.cdc.gov/hai/>

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